



Year 8 French

Knowledge Organisers and Sentence Builders

Term 1 – On Déménagement

Name :

Class:

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How to use this Knowledge Organiser:

- The Knowledge Organiser includes key language that we will study in class, along with images to help you remember some of the key points.
- On the reverse of the Knowledge Organiser are Self Quiz questions. These will help you learn these key sentences off by heart.
- You should try and complete the Self Quiz questions without using any of your notes or looking at the Knowledge Organiser – once you have completed some questions then use your Knowledge Organiser and class notes to self-assess your work. Ensure that you correct any mistakes as this will help you remember for next time.
- You should always complete the questions in your class books – not within this booklet. That way you can redo questions to ensure you don’t forget them.
- Throughout the year ensure that you redo questions so that you don’t forget things. Remember practice makes perfect!

How to use your Sentence Builders:

- The sentence builders will help you independently create your own sentences without having to use online translation tools.
- Work on a box at a time to write your own sentences.
- Create flash cards; can you translate the French back into English without looking at your notes?
- Once you can translate it back into English, try translating it back into French without looking at your notes.

La Culture de Toulouse



Where is Toulouse?

- Toulouse is located in the **south-west** of France.
- The 4th largest city in France, Toulouse is the capital of the Occitanie region.
- Located halfway between the **Mediterranean coast** and the **Pyrenees mountains** you can spend weekends on the beach or skiing!
- The city is often referred to as **'La Ville Rose'** or the Pink City because lots of its buildings were built using clay which turns pink in the sunset.

Sport

- Although France is known for its love of football, possibly the most well-known sports team in Toulouse is **Stade Toulousain** a French rugby union club. They are one of Europe's most successful clubs and to date they have won the Heineken cup a record four times!

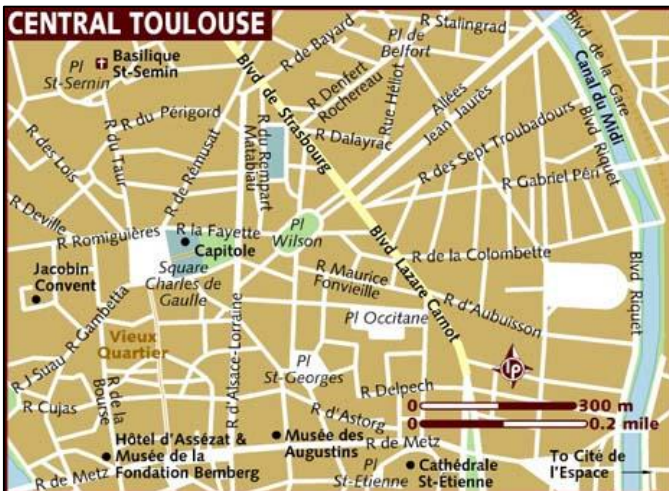
Europe's Space Capital!

- Toulouse is Europe's aeronautical capital and is home to the largest space centre in Europe – **La Cité de L'Espace**. This space museum offers the chance to ride in a moon-running simulator or a rotating pod to test your tolerance for speed.
- It is also home to the **Airbus** headquarters which employs 28,00 people – that's a third of the Sutton Coldfield population!



Which local dishes should you try?














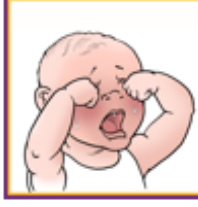









- You can still enjoy traditional French foods in Toulouse, including Ratatouille and croissants, but local specialities include **'Saucisse de Toulouse'** (a local pork sausage often sold in a coil) **'Cassoulet'** (slow cooked duck and Toulouse sausage stew) and **'Cachou'** (little fried balls made of bread, eggs and pork).
- If you have a sweet tooth, you will also enjoy a **'Tarte aux Noix'** (a local version of Pecan pie) often served with ice cream.



What should you see / do in Toulouse?

- Well worth a visit is the **Capitole**; the city's town hall which is 128 metres long and built using pink brick.
- Next to the town hall is the **Place du Capitole**; a lively city square surrounded by cafés, little shops and restaurants – a popular evening hangout for the locals.
- Another favourite with tourists is the **Basilique Saint-Sernin**, the largest Romanesque church in Europe and listed by UNESCO as a World Heritage site.
- The **Garonne** River flows through the centre of the city and a boat cruise on one of the **Bateaux Toulousains** will let you see many of the famous 'pink' buildings.



1.  a / à	2.  an / en / on	3.  q / qu / c / k	4.  ch	5.  e *
6.  é / er* / es / ez / et / ai*	7.  eu / oeu	8.  g	9.  ge / j	10.  gn
11.  i / y	12.  in / ain	13.  o / au / eau	14.  oi	15.  ou
16.  r / rr	17.  s / ç / c+e / c+i	18.  t / th	19.  u	<p>H is silent at the start of a word.</p> <p>French consonants at the end of words are silent except</p> <p>except</p> <p>C, F, L, R.</p> <p>Remember</p> <p>Clear French Language Rules.</p>
20.  un	21.  z	22.  ien	23.  ei / ai* è / ê er*	

Numbers

1. un / premier
2. deux
3. trois
4. quatre
5. cinq
6. six
7. sept
8. huit
9. neuf
10. dix
11. onze
12. douze
13. treize
14. quatorze
15. quinze
16. seize
17. dix-sept
18. dix-huit
19. dix-neuf
20. vingt
21. vingt-et-un
22. vingt-deux
30. trente
40. quarante
50. cinquante
60. soixante
70. soixante-dix
80. quatre-vingts
90. quatre-vingt-dix
100. cent
1000. mille
2020. deux mille vingt

Greetings

bonjour – *hello*
salut – *hi*
bonsoir – *good evening*
bonne nuit – *good night*
à plus – *see you later*
à demain – *see you tomorrow*
à la prochaine – *see you next time*
à bientôt – *see you soon*

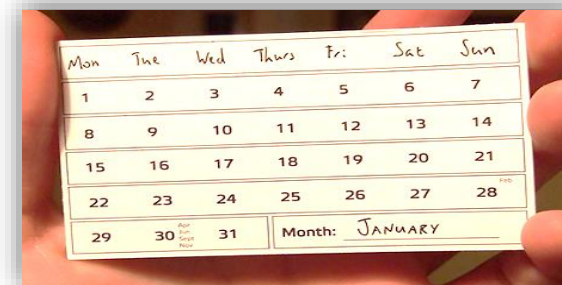
Months

janvier – *January*
février – *February*
mars – *March*
avril – *April*
mai – *May*
juin – *June*
juillet – *July*
août – *August*
septembre – *September*
octobre – *October*
novembre – *November*
décembre – *December*

Days of The Week

une semaine – *a week*
(le) lundi – *(on) Monday*
(le) mardi – *(on) Tuesday*
(le) mercredi – *(on) Wednesday*
(le) jeudi – *(on) Thursday*
(le) vendredi – *(on) Friday*
(le) samedi – *(on) Saturday*
(le) dimanche – *(on) Sunday*

KS3 Basics – French Knowledge Organiser



Colours

bleu(s) – *blue*
blond(s) – *blonde*
gris – *grey*
noir(s) – *black*
blanc(s) – *white*
vert(s) – *green*
jaune(s) – *yellow*
rouge(s) – *red*
roux – *red (ginger)*
marron – *chestnut brown*
noisette – *hazel*
orange – *orange*

Key Phrases

oui – *yes*
non – *no*
s'il vous plaît – *please*
merci – *thank you*
j'ai – *I have*
je n'ai pas – *I don't have*
je suis – *I am*
je ne suis pas – *I'm not*
assez – *quite*
très – *very*
beaucoup – *a lot*
et – *and*
mais – *but*

Basic Opinions

j'adore... – *I love...*
j'aime (bien)... – *I (really) like...*
je préfère... – *I prefer...*
je n'aime pas (du tout)... – *I don't like (at all)...*
je déteste... – *I hate...*

Knowledge Organiser – French – The Basics

Know it!	Grasp it!	Think it!
<p>Use pronunciation Knowledge Organiser:</p> <p>1. What is the pronunciation in French of the 5 vowels: a, e, i, o, u when they are on their own?</p>	<p>Use pronunciation Knowledge Organiser:</p> <p>1. How do you pronounce these nasal sounds in French?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">un, an/en/on, in/ain</p>	<p>1. Learn the alphabet in French. Google: French alphabet song</p> <p>How can knowing this help your French pronunciation?</p>
<p>2. Translate: (Use the internet, if necessary) Quel âge as-tu?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">J'ai dix ans.</p>	<p>2. Adapt sentence 2 to write:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">How old are you? I'm nine years old.</p>	<p>2. Use the sentence in 2 to pretend someone is asking how old you are and reply and say your age in French.</p>
<p>3. Learn the numbers 1-20. Learn how to spell them and how to pronounce them.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google : French numbers 1-20 Alain le Lait</p>	<p>3. Learn the tens 30, 40, 50, 60. Learn how to spell them and how to pronounce them.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google : French numbers 20-50 and 50-70 Alain le Lait</p>	<p>3. Learn the numbers 70 to 100. Learn how to spell them and how to pronounce them.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google : French numbers 70-100 Alain le Lait</p>
<p>4. Create flashcards for the greetings and learn them.</p>	<p>4. Invent a conversation that includes : two of the greetings and asking and giving your age.</p>	<p>4. Set up an account with DuoLingo online and using the app. start practising your French.</p>
<p>5. Learn the months in French. Learn how to spell them and how to pronounce them.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google: French months song</p>	<p>5. Learn how to say your birthday in French and how to ask when someone else's birthday is.</p>	<p>5. Learn how to ask someone when they were born and how to say when you were born, including the year. (You will need to do some research using the internet.)</p>
<p>6. Learn the days of the week in French.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google: French days song</p>	<p>6. Write this date in French:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">It is Tuesday 9 September.</p>	<p>6. Find out what the French days of the week are named after.</p>
<p>7. Learn the colours in French.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Google: French colours song.</p>	<p>7. Write out a list of all the colours in French 5 times.</p>	<p>7. Draw an artist palette and colour each of the paint splotches. Label them in French and learn by heart.</p>

Knowledge Organiser – French – Y8 – Autumn – On déménagement!

1. La ville que je préfère est Toulouse parce que c'est la plus pittoresque.
The town that I prefer is Toulouse because it's the most picturesque.

2. A Toulouse, il y a un stade de rugby et une rivière, mais il n'y a pas de plage.
In Toulouse, there is a rugby stadium and a river, but there is no beach.

3. La semaine prochaine, je vais visiter le Capitole et je vais aller en métro parce que c'est plus rapide et plus pratique que la voiture.
Next week, I am going to visit the Capitole and I'm going to go by underground because it's quicker and more practical than the car.

4. J'habite dans une belle maison confortable.
I live in a beautiful, comfortable house.

5. Samedi, je voudrais aller à la cité de l'Espace, où on peut voir la vie extraordinaire des astronautes.
On Saturday, I would like to go to the space museum, where you can see the extraordinary life of astronauts.

6. La semaine dernière, je suis allé à la place et j'ai pris des photos. C'était génial!
Last weekend, I went to the town square and I took some photos. It was great!

7. Demain je voudrais acheter un cadeau pour ma mère.
Tomorrow, I would like to buy a present for my mum.

La ville **que** je préfère est Paris
Pokémon est plus intéressant **que** Minecraft





+ il y a un stade de foot
- il n'y a pas **de** stade de foot

C'est **plus** **adjective** **que** la voiture.

C'est **plus** rapide **que** la voiture.

J'habite  ~~X~~  **b**  

On Saturday I'm eating at McDonald's
Samedi je mange à MacDo.

La semaine dernière  
Le mois dernier  

mon père
ma mère
mes parentS

Knowledge Organiser – French – Y8 – Autumn – On déménagement!

Know it	Grasp it	Think it
<p>1. Translate:</p> <p><i>La ville que je préfère est Toulouse parce que c'est la plus pittoresque.</i></p>	<p>1. Adapt sentence 1 to write:</p> <p><i>The town I like the most is Toulouse because it is very lively.</i></p>	<p>1. Use the structures in sentence 1 to write a sentence about why you do or don't like Toulouse.</p>
<p>2. Translate:</p> <p><i>A Toulouse, il y a un stade de rugby et une rivière, mais il n'y a pas de plage.</i></p>	<p>2. Adapt sentence 2 to write:</p> <p><i>In Reims, there is a market, some parks and an airport but there is no castle.</i></p>	<p>2. Use the structures in sentence 2 to write a sentence about what there is in Toulouse and what there isn't in Toulouse.</p>
<p>3. Translate:</p> <p><i>La semaine prochaine, je vais visiter le Capitole et je vais aller en métro parce que c'est plus rapide et plus pratique que la voiture.</i></p>	<p>3. Adapt sentence 3 to write:</p> <p><i>Next weekend, I am going to visit the stadium and I am going to travel by bus because it is easier than by foot.</i></p>	<p>3. Use the structures in sentence 3 to write about where you are going to go tomorrow, how you will travel and why.</p>
<p>4. Translate:</p> <p><i>J'habite dans une belle maison confortable.</i></p>	<p>4. Adapt sentence 4 to write:</p> <p><i>I live in a small house, there is a pretty garden but there is no dining room.</i></p>	<p>4. Use the structures in sentence 4 to describe your new home and state one thing that it has and one thing that it doesn't have.</p>
<p>5. Translate:</p> <p><i>Samedi, je voudrais aller à la cité de l'Espace où on peut voir la vie extraordinaire des astronautes.</i></p>	<p>5. Adapt sentence 5 to write:</p> <p><i>On Sunday, I would like to go to the market where you can buy fruit and vegetables.</i></p>	<p>5. Use the structures in sentence 5 to write about what you are going to do next weekend.</p>
<p>6. Translate:</p> <p><i>La semaine dernière, je suis allé à la place et j'ai pris des photos. C'était genial!</i></p>	<p>6. Adapt sentence 6 to write:</p> <p><i>Last week, I went to the science museum, it was very boring.</i></p>	<p>6. Use the structures in sentence 6 to write about what you did in Birmingham and give your opinion.</p>
<p>7. Translate:</p> <p><i>Demain je voudrais acheter un cadeau pour ma mère.</i></p>	<p>7. Adapt sentence 7 to write:</p> <p><i>Next weekend, I would like to go to the shop to buy a souvenir for my dad.</i></p>	<p>7. Use the structures in sentence 7 to write about what you would like to buy.</p>

Year 8 Autumn Core Question 1 – Where shall we live in France?

<p>1.</p> <p>La région est située dans... (The region is located in...)</p> <p>La ville est située dans... (The town is located in)</p> <p>Le village est situé dans... (The village is located in...)</p>	<p>le nord (the north)</p> <p>l'est (the east)</p> <p>le sud (the south)</p> <p>l'ouest (the west)</p> <p>le centre (the centre)</p>	<p>de la France. (of France)</p> <p>de l'Angleterre. (of England)</p>	<p>La capitale de la région s'appelle... (the capital of the region is called...)</p>
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<p>2.</p> <p>Il y a... (there is / are...)</p>	<p>des montagnes (some mountains)</p> <p>une rivière (a river)</p> <p>une plage (a beach)</p> <p>la côte Atlantique (the Atlantic coast)</p> <p>la Méditerranée (the Mediterranean sea)</p>	<p>mais il n'y a pas de... (but there is no...)</p>	<p>montagne (mountain)</p> <p>rivière (river)</p> <p>plage (beach)</p> <p>côte (coast)</p>
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<p>3.</p> <p>J'adore (I love)</p> <p>J'aime (I like)</p> <p>Je préfère (I prefer)</p> <p>Je déteste (I hate)</p>	<p>cette région (this region)</p> <p>la ville de (the town of)</p> <p>le village de (the village of)</p>	<p>parce que c'est</p> <p>puisque c'est (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>plus (more)</p> <p>moins (less)</p> <p>très (very)</p> <p>assez (quite)</p>	<p>pollué (polluted)</p> <p>vert (green)</p> <p>bruyant (noisy)</p> <p>tranquille (peaceful)</p> <p>animé / vivant (lively)</p> <p>touristique (touristy)</p> <p>multiculturel (multicultural)</p>
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<p>4.</p> <p>La région que je préfère, est ... (the region I prefer is...)</p> <p>La ville que j'adore c'est.. (The town I love is...)</p>	<p>parce que c'est</p> <p>puisque c'est (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>le plus (the most)</p> <p>le moins (the least)</p>	<p>pittoresque (picturesque)</p> <p>moderne (modern)</p> <p>historique (historical)</p> <p>industrielle (industrial)</p> <p>grande (big)</p> <p>petite (small)</p> <p>amusante (fun)</p>
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<p>5.</p> <p>Ce que j'aime... (the thing I like ...)</p> <p>Ce que je n'aime pas... (the thing I don't like...)</p>	<p>c'est... (is...)</p>	<p>les montagnes (the mountains)</p> <p>la rivière (the river)</p> <p>la plage (the beach)</p> <p>la côte (the coast)</p>	<p>parce que c'est... (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>barbant (dull)</p> <p>divertissant (entertaining)</p> <p>intéressant (interesting)</p>
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<p>6.</p> <p>Ce qui me plaît c'est... (the thing I enjoy is...)</p> <p>Ce qui ne me plaît pas c'est... (the thing I don't enjoy is...)</p>	<p>nager dans la mer (swimming in the sea)</p> <p>faire du ski (skiing)</p> <p>randonner (hiking)</p> <p>faire les magasins (shopping)</p>	<p>parce que c'est... (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>mon truc (my thing)</p> <p>ennuyeux (boring)</p> <p>fatigant (tiring)</p>
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Year 8 Autumn Core Question 2 – What is my new town like?

<p>1.</p> <p>Toulouse est... (Toulouse is...)</p>	<p>une grande ville située dans le sud de la France. (a city in the south of France)</p> <p>la capitale de la région Occitanie. (the capital of the Occitan region)</p> <p>la quatrième ville de la France. (the 4th town of France.)</p> <p>la capitale européenne de l'industrie aéronautique et spatiale. (the European capital of Space Industry)</p>
<p>Toulouse n'est pas loin de... (Toulouse is not far from...)</p>	<p>la côte (the coast)</p> <p>les montagnes (the mountains)</p>

<p>2.</p> <p>Dans la ville il y a... (in the town there is / are...)</p> <p>À Toulouse il y a... (In Toulouse there is/ are...)</p> <p>Dans le centre, il y a ... (In the centre there is/are...)</p>	<p>un centre commercial (a shopping centre)</p> <p>une place (a town square)</p> <p>un office du tourisme (a tourist office)</p> <p>un marché (a market)</p> <p>un stade de rugby (a rugby stadium)</p> <p>des sites UNESCO (world heritage sites)</p>	<p>mais il n'y a pas de... (but there is no...)</p>	<p>montagne (mountain)</p> <p>plage (beach)</p> <p>côte (coast)</p>
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<p>3.</p> <p>À Toulouse... (In Toulouse...)</p> <p>Dans la ville... (In the town)</p> <p>Près de la ville... (Near to the town...)</p>	<p>on doit... (you must...)</p> <p>on peut... (you can...)</p> <p>il faut... (you must...)</p> <p>on devrait... (you should...)</p>	<p>aller aux musées (go to the museums)</p> <p>visiter Le Capitole (visit the Capitole town hall)</p> <p>faire du tourisme (go sightseeing)</p> <p>faire du ski (go skiing)</p> <p>aller à la plage (go to the beach)</p> <p>aller au parc d'attractions qui s'appelle la Cité de l'Espace (go to the theme park called Cité de l'Espace)</p>
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<p>4.</p> <p>Le monument que je préfère, c'est ... (the monument I prefer is...)</p> <p>L'attraction que j'adore c'est.. (The attraction I love is...)</p> <p>Le site touristique que je n'aime pas c'est... (The tourist attraction I don't like is...)</p>	<p>le zoo (the zoo)</p> <p>la plage (the beach)</p> <p>Le Capitole (the Capitole)</p> <p>les musées (the museums)</p> <p>le parc d'attractions (the theme park)</p> <p>la rivière Garonne (the Garonne river)</p>	<p>parce que c'est</p> <p>puisque c'est (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>passionnant (exciting)</p> <p>amusant (fun)</p> <p>divertissant (entertaining)</p> <p>éducatif (educational)</p> <p>intéressant (interesting)</p> <p>génial (great)</p>
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<p>5.</p> <p>Ce que j'aime c'est... (the thing I like is ...)</p> <p>Ce que je n'aime pas c'est... (the thing I don't like is...)</p>	<p>le canal du Midi (the Midi Canal)</p> <p>le château (the castle)</p> <p>la cathédrale (the cathedral)</p> <p>les monuments (the monuments)</p>	<p>parce que c'est... (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>plus (more)</p> <p>moins (less)</p> <p>aussi (as)</p>	<p>barbant (dull)</p> <p>divertissant (entertaining)</p> <p>intéressant (interesting)</p> <p>amusant (fun)</p>	<p>que la plage (than the beach)</p> <p>que le marché (than the market)</p>
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<p>6.</p> <p>Ce qui me plaît c'est... (the thing I enjoy is...)</p> <p>Ce qui ne me plaît pas c'est... (the thing I don't enjoy is...)</p>	<p>manger des plats typiques (eating typical dishes)</p> <p>prendre des photos (taking photos)</p> <p>visiter les monuments (visiting monuments)</p>	<p>parce que c'est... (because it's)</p> <p>car ce n'est pas (because it is not)</p>	<p>plus (more)</p> <p>moins (less)</p> <p>aussi (as)</p>	<p>ennuyeux (boring)</p> <p>éducatif (educational)</p> <p>intéressant (interesting)</p> <p>amusant (fun)</p>	<p>que nager dans la mer (than swimming in the sea)</p>
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Year 8 Autumn Core Question 3 – How do I get around Toulouse?

1. Demain... (Tomorrow...)							
La semaine prochaine ... (Next week)	Je vais... (I am going...)	aller à la place. (to go to the town square)	aller au stade de rugby. (to go to the rugby stadium)	2. Je vais... (I am going...)	aller... (to go...)	en... (by...)	mé tro (underground) train (train)
Le weekend prochain ... (Next weekend...)	On va... (We are going...)	aller aux musées. (to go to the museums)	visiter le Capitole. (to visit the Capitole)	On va... (We are going...)	voyager... (to travel...)	bus (bus) car (coach) voiture (car)	taxi (taxi)
Lundi... (On Monday...)	Nous allons (We are going...)	faire du tourisme. (to go sightseeing)	Nous allons (We are going...)	visiter... (to visit)	à... (by/on...)	vélo (bike) mobylette (moped) ped (foot)	pied (foot)

3. Je pense que... (I think that...)							
Je dirais que... (I would say that...)	le mé tro (underground) le train (train) le taxi (taxi)	est... (is...)	plus (more) moins (less) aussi... (as...)	rapide (fast) inconfortable (uncomfortable) cher (expensive)	direct (direct) facile (easy) difficile (difficult)	que... (than / as...)	le mé tro (underground) le train (train)
À mon avis... (In my opinion...)	le bus (bus) le car (coach) le vé lo (bike) aller à pied	est... (is...)	plus (more) moins (less) aussi... (as...)	direct (direct) facile (easy) difficile (difficult)	pratique (practical) long (long)	qu'... (than / as ...)	le taxi (taxi) le bus (bus) le car (coach) le vé lo (bike)
Selon moi... (In my view...)	la voiture (car) la mobylette (moped)	est... (is...)	plus (more) moins (less) aussi... (as...)	chère (expensive) directe (direct) longue (long)	aller à pied la voiture (car) la mobylette (moped)	aller à pied la voiture (car) la mobylette (moped)	le vé lo (bike)

4. Excusez-moi, Monsieur... (Excuse me, Sir...)								
Excusez-moi, Madame... (Excuse me, Miss...)	où est... (where is...) où sont... (where are...)	le centre commercial? (shopping centre?) la place? (the town square?) la plage ? (the beach?) les musées (the museums?) les magasins (the shops?)	5. Pour aller... (to get...)	au... (to the...) à la... (to the...) aux... (to the ...)	centre commercial (shopping centre) parc d'attractions (theme park) place (town square) plage (beach) magasins (shops)	tournez à gauche (turn left) tournez à droite (turn right) allez tout droit (go straight on) traversez la place (go across the square) traversez le pont (go over the bridge)	et (and) ensuite (then) après (after)	prenez la première rue à gauche . (take the 1st road on the left) prenez la deuxième rue à la droite . (take the 2 nd road on the right) traversez le carrefour (go over the crossroads) c'est à gauche (it's on the left) c'est à droite (it's on the right)

Year 8 Autumn Core Question 4 – What are French houses like?

1.	Je voudrais... (I would like...)	habiter... (to live...)	à la montagne (in the mountains)	parce que c'est (because it's...)	pollué (polluted)
	Je préférerais... (I would prefer...)	me loger (find somewhere to live...)	à la campagne (in the countryside)		vert (green)
	J'adorerais... (I would love...)	déménager... (to move to...)	en ville (in town)	car ce n'est pas... (because it's not...)	bruyant (noisy)
			au bord de la mer (on the coast)		tranquille (peaceful)
			en France (in France)		animé / vivant (lively)

2.	J'habite dans... (I live in...)	une grande / petite / jolie / vieille maison (a large / small / pretty house)	à la montagne (in the mountains)
	Ma famille loue... (my family is renting...)	un grand / petit / joli / vieux appartement (a large / small / pretty / apartment)	à la campagne (in the countryside)
		un vieux château (an old castle)	en ville (in town)
			au bord de la mer (on the coast)

3.	Je pense que... (I think that...)	ma maison est... (my house is...)	très... (very)	petite (small)
	Je dirais que... (I would say that...)		assez (quite)	grande (big)
	À mon avis... (In my opinion...)	mon appartement est (my apartment is...)	trop (too)	belle (beautiful)
			très... (very)	moderne (modern)
			assez (quite)	laide (ugly)
			trop (too)	confortable (comfortable)
				confortable (comfortable)

4.	Chez moi... (at home...)	Il y a (there is / are)	six pièces (six rooms)	mais, il n'y pas de... (but, there is no...)	cave (cellar)
	Au rez- de- chaussée... (on the ground floor...)		la chambre de mes parents (my parents' bedroom)		piscine (pool)
	Au premier étage... (On the 1st floor...)	On a... (we have...)	ma chambre (my bedroom)	mais on n'a pas de... (but we don't have..)	jardin (garden)
			la cuisine (the kitchen)		grenier (loft)
			le salon (the lounge)		salle à manger (dining room)
			une salle de bains (bathroom)		

5.	J'adore est... (I love is...)	la chambre de ma sœur (my sister's room)	parce que c'est	plus (more)	petit (small)	la chambre de mon frère (my brother's room)				
	La pièce que (The room that ...)	ma chambre (my bedroom)					puisque c'est	moins (less)	grand (big)	ma première chambre (my last bedroom)
		la cuisine (the kitchen)					car c'est	aussi... (as...)	beau (beautiful)	la salle à manger (the dining room)
	Je préfère est... (I prefer is...)	la cave (the cellar)	(because it's)		moderne (modern)	le salon (the lounge)				
	Je déteste est... (I hate is...)	le grenier (the loft)			laid (ugly)	la salle de bains (the bathroom)				
					confortable (comfortable)					
					joli (pretty)					

Year 8 Autumn Core Question 5 – How do I plan a trip to Cité de L’Espace?

1. Demain... (Tomorrow...)			
La semaine prochaine... (Next week)	Je voudrais... (I would like...)	aller... (to go..)	à La Cité de l’Espace. (to the Space museum)
Le weekend prochain... (Next weekend...)	Je vais... (I am going...)	faire une visite (to go on a trip...)	
Vendredi... (On Friday...)			

2.			
La Cité de l’Espace ... (The Space Museum ...)	est située à Toulouse (is located in Toulouse.)		coûte 21,50€ (costs 21.50€)
	est un centre de culture scientifique. (is a centre of scientific culture.)	La visite (The visit...)	dure trois heures (lasts three hours)

3.			
J’y vais... (I’m going there...)	en... (by...)	métro (underground) train (train) taxi (taxi) bus (bus) car (coach) voiture (car)	rapide (fast)
On y va... (We’re going there...)	à... (by/on...)	vélo (bike) mobylette (moped) pied (foot)	parce que c’est plus confortable (comfortable)
			puisqu’il est plus facile (easy)
			pratique (practical)

4.			
À la Cité de l’Espace... (At the Space Museum...)	je voudrais... (I would like ...)	voir... (to see ...)	l’exposition Lune Épisode II (see the Moon show Episode II)
	on peut... (you can...)	explorer... (to explore...)	le Merveilleux de L’Espace (the treasures from space)
		admirer... (admire...)	la vie extraordinaire des astronautes (the extraordinary lives of astronuat)
			les secrets de l’espace (the secrets of space.)

5. Je pense que... (I think that...)	la visite... (the visit...)		géniale (great)
Je dirais que... (I would say that...)	l’excursion... (the trip...)	va être... (is going to be...)	passionnante (exciting)
À mon avis... (In my opinion...)	la journée... (the day...)	sera (will be...)	divertissante (entertaining)
Selon moi... (In my view...)	l’expérience... (the experience...)		éducative (educational)
			j’ai hâte! (I can’t wait!)
			je suis impatient! (I am excited!)
			L’espace (Space...)
			c’est mon truc. (is my thing)
			m’intéresse. (interests me)

Year 8 Autumn Core Question 6 – Can I write a letter home about my experiences?

1.

Cher John,
(Dear John,)

il y a une semaine...
(a week ago..)

le weekend dernier...
(last weekend...)

Chère Sarah,
(Dear Sarah,)

hier...
(yesterday...)

Chers mes amis,
(Dear friends,)

la semaine dernière...
(last week...)

aujourd'hui...
(today...)

j'ai
(I)

On a
(we)

nous avons
(we)

visité
(visited)

pris...
(took...)

vu...
(saw...)

fait...
(did...)

acheté...
(bought)

écouté
(listened)

La Cité de l'Espace.
(the Space museum.)

un musée.
(a museum.)

des photos.
(some photos.)

l'exposition de Lune Épisode II
(the moon show Episode II)

des quiz / des activités / des expériences.
(some quizzes, some activities / some experiments.)

des souvenirs / des cartes postales.
(some souvenirs / some postcards.)

Je suis allé(e)
(I went)

en...
(by...)

à...
(by/on...)

métro
(underground)
train (train)
taxi (taxi)
bus (bus)
car (coach)
voiture (car)

vélo (bike)
mobylette (moped)
pied (foot)

2.

Je pense que...
(I think that...)

Je dirais que...
(I would say that...)

À mon avis...
(In my opinion...)

Selon moi...
(In my view...)

c'était...
(it was...)

ce n'était pas...
(it wasn't..)

amusant (fun)
divertissant (entertaining)
éducatif (educational)
génial (great)
mortel (amazing)
intéressant (interesting)
passionnant (exciting)
affreux (awful)
ennuyeux (boring)
horrible (horrible)
terrible (terrible)

car
(because)

je me **suis bien amusé(e).** (I enjoyed myself.)

ça m'a plu. (I enjoyed it.)

l'**ambiance** m'a plu. (I enjoyed the atmosphere.)

l'**espace** c'est mon truc. (space is my thing.)

les **sciences** m'intéressent. (science interests me)

c'était une perte de temps (it was a waste of time.)

Amitiés,
(Best wishes,...)

À bientôt,
(See you soon,...)

Year 8 Autumn Core Question 7 – How do I buy presents at a Christmas market?

1.

Bonjour
(Hello)

Je **voudrais acheter...**
(I would like to buy...)

Salut
(hi)

Avez-**vous**...?
(Do you have...)

un cadeau	(a present)
un souvenir	(a souvenir)
du parfum	(some perfume)
du savon	(some soap)
un livre	(a book)
une BD	(a comic)
une tasse	(a cup)
une écharpe	(a scarf)
un chocolat chaud	(a hot chocolate)
un vin chaud	(a mulled wine)
un hotdog	(a hotdog)
un bretzel	(a pretzel)
des frites	(some chips)

pour...
(for...)

moi	(me)
ma famille	(my family)
ma mère / belle-mère	(my mum / step-mum)
ma sœur / belle-sœur	(my sister / step-sister)
ma tante	(my aunt)
ma grand-mère	(my gran)
ma copine	(my female friend)
mon père / beau-père	(my dad / step-dad)
mon frère / beau-frère	(my brother / step-brother)
mon oncle	(my uncle)
mon grand-père	(my grandpa)
mon copain	(my male friend)

S'il **vous** plaît
(please)

2.

Ça **coûte** combien...?
(How much is /are...?)

ce
(this)

cadeau (present)
souvenir (souvenir)
parfum (perfume)
savon (soap)
livre (book)

cet
(this)

hotdog

cette
(this)

BD (comic)
tasse (cup)
écharpe (scarf)

ces
(these)

gants (gloves)
jouets (toys)
peluches (cuddly toys)

3.

Ça **coûte**...
(That costs...)

cinq euros
(5 euros)

dix euros
(10 euros)

quinze euros
(15 euros)

vingt euros
(20 euros)

4.

Oui...
(yes...)

je le **prends**, merci
(I'll take it, thank you)

Parfait...
(perfect...)

je **voudrais deux**, s'il **vous**
plaît
(I would like two, please)

D'accord...
(ok...)

Non..
(no)

C'est trop cher, désolé(e).
(it's too expensive, sorry)

Au revoir.
(goodbye)

À la **prochaine**.
(see you next time)

À **bientôt**.
(see you soon)

À **plus**
(see you later.)